How to work with NDICATORS

volume II: **Objectives & Indicators** TABLES



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TABLES (consolidated database of objectives + indicators)

The breakdown below provides an overview of the tables containing the full range of objectives and indicators. There are 20 tables (1.1 through 5.4), referenced to the diagram in volume I (page 14) :

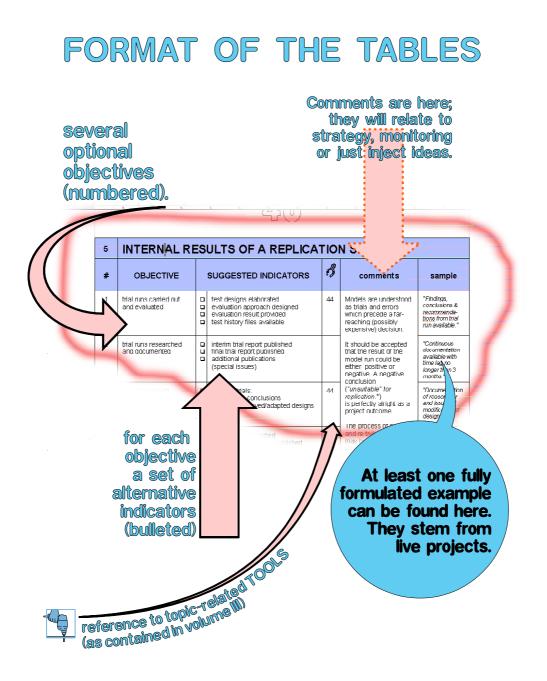
Project Type ⇔	Foc	us: DELIV	ERY	Focus:	Focus:
logframe ⇒ level ↓	MICRO LEVEL	MESO LEVEL	MACRO LEVEL	INSTITUTIO N BUILDING	REPLICATION
GOAL	11	21	31	41	51
PURPOSE	12	22	32	42	52
DELIVERABLES	13	23	33	43	53
INTERNAL RESULTS	14	24	34	44	54

The collection of objectives and indicators contained in these tables should be seen as a snapshot of what the authors could find in their own areas of work and by checking out the neighbours' gardens and some of the literature. By no means this first collection is regarded complete and free of errors.



Probably, there are lots of additional indicators out there which deserve being included in this collection. In contrast some that are included may not be good enough to survive. In order to discuss the quality and coverage of the indicators with a broader audience and to get hold of undiscovered good ideas, it might be possible to create an appropriate forum somewhere in the Internet. (This is presently being explored.)

This picture shall explain what you will find in the tables:



11 A A

For those of our readers, who are using the **CD-ROM**: You may just click your way through the database. For instance you may click on a strategy and on a logframe level, and will be shown a set of alternative objectives. Clicking on any of those objectives will bring up a couple of alternative indicators. Further clicking will show samples, comments and (if available) take you to a related graphical tool. Of course, within the CD conventional paging and browsing is possible, too.



1.1	GOALS OF T	RA	INING PROJECTS (micro	o lev	vel)	
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample
1	ex-trainees and their families better off		income differential standard of living array of household durables store of foodstuff savings location of house type, quality of housing number of school-going kids more cash in pockets education of children (level/expenses)	6 5	typical empirical method: tracer studies; problem: high cost and low data reliability; try alternatives: invite old boys/old girls through media, offer prizes, investigate visitors at centre; usual rule: you need a control group	"After 1 year of graduation average income is >25% above that of control group."
2	companies employing ex-trainees realise higher productivity of labour		company profits up company market share up company product quality up product complaints down down-time of production lower equipment availability up company investments up demand for more ex-trainees up number of subsidiaries up	7	typical empirical method would be comparative analysis of marginal productivity of labour; problem: nearly impossible to do; try instead: comparative case studies	"Number of rejected work pieces down by 25% one year after training of work force."
3	community life enhanced where ex-trainees live		less off-migration natural age pyramid better communal infrastructure shack / housing ratio lowered more involvement in decisions unemployment level down level of crime down youth activities up communal demand: training for our kids	8	try: photographic comparative assessment (before : after or time series)	"One new communal infrastructure project per year realised."
4	micro-enterprise (informal) sector as a whole strengthened		informal sector associations formed associations form apex/umbrella bodies	45	There is an argument, whether this is a desirable objective, or whether the "informal" sector should go "formal" in the long run.	"Provincial umbrella organisation of informal sector associations formed 5 years after project start."

PURPOSE OF TRAINING PROJECTS (micro-level) 1.2 # OBJECTIVE SUGGESTED INDICATORS comments sample ex-trainees entering in jobs 7 1 wage-employment Try innovative tracer "6 months ex-trainees doing relevant work improved studies (invite exafter employment conditions improved trainees using mass graduation duration of employment up media rather than 50% the companies prefer ex-trainees to others tracing them with formerlv companies become long-term clients "detectives"); it jobless companies request on-campus interviews should be combined participants kids of staff apply for training 8 with promotional are placed participants ready to pay (share of) fees activities. into jobs." ex-trainees set up own businesses advisable: 2 more self-employment "25% of all new micro businesses ex-trainees businesses survive build a long standing supported more owner-operators ex-trainees take in family members constituency, use enterprises ex-trainees return for more services every tracing effort for buy project family kids apply for training 8 marketing more services at greater diversity of micro business services! least once services per year." Mind, that an increase in self-3 small enterprises partnerships of ex-trainees start-up "50% of employment may just up and running ex-trainees found enterprises newlv be forced by too few small enterprises survive created vacancies in the small enterprises provide employment enterprises formal sector; self-entrepreneurs return for more support start paying employment is not small businesses service start-up loans tax after 1 always necessarily small businesses expand year." the desired outcome.. pioneers make others follow 4 corporate production product quality up conduct customer "% of problems solved production process improved satisfaction surveys; products production cost reduced as a rule these rejected by (company staff workforce more flexible should ALWAYS be quality returning from further returning staff promoted coupled up with more assurance returning staff better paid training) marketing efforts and dropped by demand for more staff upgrading follow-up services; 50%." companies ready to pay course fees avoid purely research-driven visits companies pay cost covering fees kids of company clients apply for training 8 at companies staff development schemes appear 38 fewer trouble shooting from external service technicians

1.3	DELIVERABL	ES	ES OF TRAINING PROJECTS (micro-level)							
#	OBJECTIVE		SAMPLE INDICATOR		comments	sample				
1	school leavers ready for initial employment		passed exam trade-tests taken passed through external testing parents sent more kids employers give affirmative feed back participants pay course fees happily participants recommend course to peers	21 8	Problem: Project's own exams will measure own success. This may be misleading or lead to "cheating"; preferable are	"Revenue recovers variable cost au annually incline up to 100%."				
2	employed workforce equipped with new, updated, expanded competencies		examinations passed trade tests taken satisfaction with course positive record of continuous assessment lay-offs averted in negotiations with employers participants bear share of course fees participants invest free time	21 12	independent tests; as a rule: avoid measuring the inputs, such as training hours conducted etc. Feed back from employers or propensity to pay course fees may come as handy proxy indicators.	"50% of candidates pass trade test in 1 st attempt; 25 in 2 nd attempt."				
3	proficiency of lowly skilled or semi-skill ed personnel increased		trade tests taken promotion with seconding employers negotiated employers paying the course fees	21		"Increasing share of participants sponsored by employ-ers: 25%-50%- 75%."				
4	unemployed equipped with market-going job entry competencies		community-based work projects negotiated to absorb trainees trade test passed	21		"75% of all participants placed in community work pro- grams at any time."				
5	unemployed skilled persons placed in job-entry programmes		placement accomplished demand for more such schemes			"At least one new agency request trainees for placement: annually"				
6	ability to pass trade tests increased		tests taken successfully admission to tests increased length of waiting list	19	This may work well, when trade testing is in the hands of an independent organization or network.	"Decline of fail rates from presently 50% to 15% within 5 years."				
7	emerging entrepreneurs ready for starting own business		business registration done business plans ready viable product/service idea or concept positive feed-back from earlier starters starters put up billboards in favour of project starters return for more services franchising takes off (project as franchiser)	45	use of proxy indicators advisable; these will reveal the "returns on investment"	"Value of equipment assets of small businesses incline annually by 15%."				
8	competitiveness of small entrepreneurs increased		bottleneck in skills removed procurement situation improved marketing facilities improved network of "each one help one" initiated	10	Informal sector associations may be used to establish this kind of rapport and data gathering.Personal visits/spot-checks are inevitable.	"Random check s on product quality at Institute of Standards show annual incline."				

		ULTS OF TRAINING PRO			
#	OBJECTIVE	SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample
1	trainees/participants put through the courses training courses set- up and carried out course approval obtained	number of person*weeks of training size of groups fees taken number of applications : admissions number of admitted : turned out number of exams sat : passed number and type of courses avg. duration of courses official course approvals	11	As an overall indicator (not specifying individual courses) capacities to be installed versus actual utilization may be used. This is useful, if the courses are to respond to market forces quickly.	"All technical training venues used at 50%-60%- 70% during initial years."
2	courses designed, course outlines prepared, curricula developed, syllabi prepared, test items available, lesson plans prepared, instructional material at hand, rotation plans available	number of designs quality of designs (structure, degree of detail, layout) relevance to labour-market) type of occupational profile (e.g. tri-partite involvement) number and type of test items storage/access of test items (database) use of lesson plans (binding or not) type and availability of media use and ownership of media/hand-outs ratio theory : practice learning materials properties (stimulating problem solving, enabling self learning))	25 22 20	This is the whole range of "software and teachware". Quality assessment usually requires check-lists or detailed quality criteria and an independent evaluation. This could be installed in the form of regular peer assessment.	"Complete set of course material developed, tested and annually reviewed for all 5 technical trades."
3	building ready for use, equipment installed and operational, all training venues ready for delivery, maintenance of venues organised, external venues (on-the-job) acquired and linked, accreditation obtained for the centre as a whole	ratio of class : lab : workshop : in-plant seats installed m ² per person available major equipment (with group sizes) availability of equipment use of maintenance plan/concept operational : unused days (annual avg.) ratio in-school : in-plant venues duration of "internships", industrial projects", industrial practicals relevance and content of internships in-plant training quality control system	13 11	The indicators may focus on "readiness for use" or actual "utilization"; first assessment after key-turn construction may use a check-list- based inspection. The checking of in- plant training facilities require spot-checks; usually done by "official" training advisers."	"All venues ready for training according to annual inspection. Less than 10% items of checklist defective."
4	teachers & instructors hired an inducted, performance improved, teachforce ready to deliver; centre-specific teaching methods and style applied	number of pedagogical staff (in full-time equivalents) ratio students : teacher performance levels (for various categories of staff) ratio of student-centred learning allowing students own speed of learning mastering approach instead of rote learning / drilling		Teaching style may be assessed through "hospitation", students' feed back, or peer-group feed back; one may want to experiment with "open house events", where modern learning styles are demonstrated publicly	"All teacher vacancies filled by end of year 3." "Number of non- or low- performers reduced annually."
5	training linked or dovetailed with production, incubators made available (to hatch new businesses), joint businesses (project in cooperation with trainees) in place	volume of production revenue from production training places vs. worker places at prod. type of linkage / intensity of integration organisation of production ratio of practical training : on-real-job number of "incubators" or size of incubator space number of joint start-up ventures average duration of joint ventures size of joint ventures	15 45	There are various models of how to combine Production and Training; see the special tool as an overview. Conflicts of objectives are notorious: see the sample tool of how to negotiate	"60% of all trainees take part in production activities during 2 nd half of course." "Production recovers 15% of all training costs."

2.1	GOAL OF A 1	rr/	AINING QUALITY TOOLS	S PR	OJECT (meso	level)
#	OBJECTIVE				comments	sample
1	educational quality of institutions enhanced		employers satisfaction placement results of graduates start-up careers of graduates	16	for verification and attribution of impacts: "before- after" or "with-without" comparison; a scientific design requires a control group (homologous)	"Institutions covered by the program compare favourably according to employers' opinion."
2	students learn more effectively		students response, satisfaction index exam results time spent on studies available leisure time time saved through distance learning		control group advantageous; experimental set-up may be considered during trial runs or test market phase	"Majority of students state and attribute improve- ments between 1 st and last semester."
3	practical relevance of training increased		internships mandatory element of training time ratio in-school vs. in-plant training			"50% of all colleges have integrated industrial practicals after 3 years."
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2.2	PURPOSE OF	Α -	FRAINING QUALITY TOOL	S PR	OJECT (meso	level)
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample
1	teachers teach better		satisfaction with teaching skills upgrading classroom / workshop teaching style has become more student centred more stress on problem solving skills preparation efforts increased		teacher performance and style may be checked through feed-back instruments:	"Visiting engineers from indu- stry rate quality of
2	instructors perform better		hand-outs and other material improved positive students feed back on teachers promotions of high performing teachers number of "poached" instructors/teachers		 students' feed back peers' feed back or traditional class room observation ("hospitation") 	instruction higher every year."
3	students learn better (even if infrastructural training quality remains low)		academic performance testing results positive teachers feed back on students	16	problem of attributing learning results to just ONE input factor;	"Employers rate present student cohort better than previous."
4	students step up self learning efforts		ratios of time spent in class : at books satisfaction with learning material wear and tear of self learning materials		needs students interviews; consider group interviews with fixed/standardised part and an open discussion at end	"Students work-books show signs of intense use."
5	students enjoy learning with learning material more than before		satisfaction demand for more self learning material suggestions for improvement of materials propensity to pay for learning material volume of pirated copies		Experiment with: students write letters to interviewer or evaluator (such messages can reveal a lot).	"Steadily high number of feed-back- forms with positive comments."
6	institutions improve training quality		better hardware (availability, maintenance, utilization) more relevant standards acceptance of occupational standards and certificates by companies more relevant courseware better performing teachforce better training management market accepts higher course fees		This is a typical summative objective. Attributability will be a major problem in the verification process.	"Institutions covered by the program have significantly higher number of campus interviews."
7	out-of-school labour- force improve their competencies		purchase and use of training materials by non-students number of practitioners applying for trade testing and certification		consider feed back forms included in the books; create incentive for sending it back	At least 20% of learning material is purchased by non- students."

2.3	DELIVERAB	LE	S OF A TRAINING QUAL (meso level)	.ITY	TOOLS PRO	JECT
#	OBJECTIVE		SAMPLE INDICATOR		comments	sample
1	trained instructors / teachers provided (initial training)		courses run participants turned out person*weeks conducted revenue from course fees net profit realised from sold courses upliftment of teachers/instructors satisfaction of participants	11	Most of the "hard" facts will flow from well organized school monitoring data systems. It may be a good idea	"Ratio of trained versus untrained teachers up by 10% annually."
2	teaching skills upgraded, updated		satisfaction of seconding institutions more or steady demand from seconding institutions		to combine satisfaction surveys with promotional activities among the target teachers.	"5% of all teachers participate in further training per year."
3	specialization of teachers					"Majority of schools request new topics every year."
4	teaching aids, instructional materials distributed		volume of sales market penetration net profit realised	17 18	marketing tools should be in place and can double as monitoring instruments	"Teachers spent 1% of salary."
5	learning materials distributed		materials reaching the end-user (%) quality of materials meeting criteria list satisfaction of users / customers increasing demand from customers customers' recommendations to peers			"20/30/40/ 50% of all students own some
6	self-learning materials distributed					materials during inception phase."
7	occupational standards accepted		endorsement by responsible body relevance in the labour market standards used in collective bargaining standards used in pay scales use of occupational standards in design of corporate job descriptions	22		"1 Industry per year adopts standards in collective bargaining"
8	tests and certification system operational		number of candidates for testing revenues from fees backlog of applications for testing			"Testing centres run 2 shifts after 4 years."

2.4	INTERNAL RE	SU	LTS OF TRAINING QUALI (meso level)	ΓΥΤ	OOLS PROJE	CTS
#	OBJECTIVE		SAMPLE INDICATOR		comments	sample
1	teacher and instructor training courses organised (initial training, upgrading and updating)		course designs available in: didactical skills preparing of lesson plans modern teaching and learning methods maintenance of training venues preparation and use of hand-outs organising industrial projects organising industrial attachments linking training and production promotion of self-employment		These indicators are basically quality- driven; focus is not on delivery! Overall quality will result from: proper format, good presentation, content relevance, didactical considerations, methodology, look and feel For checking the quality of staff development course designs an internal quality management concept could be set up (e.g. following ISO 9004) or the materials may be sent out for a specialist's or peer group assessment in appropriate intervals.	"State-of-the- art course modules cover the complete range of methodology & didactics."
2	training courses for non-pedagogical staff organised		course designs available in: maintenance of training venues lab and experiment preparations backstopping for industrial internships tracer studies trainee placement services			"Courses available for at least 50% of non- pedagogical staff of training centres."
3	specialization of teachers and instructors		course designs available in: skills of curriculum development skills of teaching aids development skills of standards development skills of test item development skills of database creation and use	23 24		"Courses offered in at least 4 different areas of develop- ment."
4	training management courses organised		course design available in: course marketing and design models for industrial attachment business plan development public relations project monitoring project planning	23 25		"Training Modules offered according to attached diagram (cf tools)."
5	learning and instructional materials developed		content, coverage, number, type, properties, size, price for: instructional media teaching and learning packages self-learning materials multi-media volumes web-site facility and services	24		"Curriculum of one trade per year fully covered by material."
6	occupational standards system developed		standards and test items provided testing functions taken up by franchisees	22		"Per year 5 testing centres receive accreditation."
7						

3.1	GOAL OF SY	STEM DEVELOPMENT PRO	JEC	TS (macro le	vel)
#	OBJECTIVE	SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample
1	system further developed (output, intake, process, funding, decision making)	 system delivers better output quality system turn-out better in line with manpower demand intake of system better in line with requirements/aspirations of school leavers system and labour market better linked and matched system access opened up to additional target groups participatory decision making at system level (tri-partite or multi-partite bodies) system funding re-organised, ascertained system decision making decentralized provider accreditation system installed occupational standards introduced share of NGOs / commercial providers increased 	27 26 28 21 19 22	The metaphor of system development follows a sequence of "better information" - "better decisions" - "better systems"; please refer to the corresponding tool no 44.	"Training centres switched towards market driven course supply." "Training system decentra- lised and commer- cialised by 2010."
2	sub-systems further developed	 training and production become standard features of technical training institutions occupational standards and testing opened up to all members of labour-force school-based and plant-based training firmly integrated curriculum development entrusted to multi-partite bodies training system expanded towards servicing the informal sector training system opened up to cater to disadvantaged groups of society training and employment generation features linked in training institutions short course institutions launched to service demand of employed adults cooperative training (school/company) strengthened 	42 22 13 15 46 9 29 30 31 32 45 12 33		"All training centres offer 25% of courses to applicants with lower academic qualifica- tions." "Cooperative training becomes standard solution with 50% training time in- plant."
3	system responsive to gender equity aspects	 capacities used by male/female students representation of "male" vs. "female" occupations or courses fair composition of teachforce fair composition of management cadres gender sensitive presentation of learning and teaching materials new courses in favour of female 		These are widely accepted cross- sectional aspects which supplement other system development strategies.	"Male domination of system- throughput reduced every year by 10%."
4	system responsive to ecological aspects	 introduction of ecology-related occupations curricula show ecology-aware content further training of teachers in ecology matters ecology-aware practices at schools (maintenance, use of resources, handling of waste and hazardous materials) 			"Ecology aspects considered in all training materials (for teachers and students) by year 2000."

3.2	PURPOSE OF	F S	YSTEM DEVELOPMENT	PR	DJECTS (macr	o level)
#	OBJECTIVE		SAMPLE INDICATOR		comments	sample
1	responsible bodies take rational decisions		visions for new/overhauled system mission towards an improved system strategies elaborated to change-over or to develop the system decisions based on comprehensive information tapping available experience, feed back from trials, international comparison, etc. reduced uncertainty/risks of available information decision making done in a transparent way solutions blending international experience with national peculiarities		This may be a sensitive issue: National legislation influenced by a bilateral project. A low-profile may be advisable.	"Manpower Develop- ment Plan emerges by end of 2 nd year." "Public hearings on intended Technical Education Legislation "
2	decision making powers re-organised, re-mixed, delegated, re-allocated		power sharing among state, employers and employees delegation of powers and responsibility to lower level bodies opening up of "pockets" for innovative, free-wheeling sub-systems and providers de-regulating of sub-systems (e.g. basing occupational standards on voluntariness) segmenting of levy-grant systems (sectoral or regional)	46	Multi-partite decision making tends to become a standard. This could involve co-determining system as a whole, endorsing occupational standards, taking responsibility for co- operative training and for managing a levy-grant system.	"A Tri- partite body is formed by law by year 2000." "Regional funds are formed for the training levy."
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3.3	DELIVERABL	.ES	S OF SYSTEM DEVELOP (macro level)	MEN		S
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample
1	awareness created on best practices		best practices from several countries presented to key decision makers and discussed national symposium conducted bi- annually with participants from a cross- section of relevant institutions		These objectives are mostly about information and communication. There could be efforts to diversify the means and styles of commu- nication in order to reach / and make interested other than the usual target groups (key decision	"Quarterly topic-based events with participation specialists from 75% of stakeholders conducted."
2	evidence about feasibility of models provided		trial run results presented & discussed conclusions drawn by decision makers other agencies willing to copy the model			"Written Comments of key decision makers on viability of model obtained."
3	answers to policy or system management questions provided		quarterly hearings conducted, where answers to policy questions are presented & discussed ad-hoc answers to urgent questions provided monthly			"10+ ad-hoc queries per year answered within less than 1 week."
4	recommendations issued for system developers		briefings / bulletin with recommendations by system practitioners			"Newsletter published quarterly."
5	blue-prints for system modifications prepared		master plan created and proposed proposals for implementation of innovative features presented/distributed break-down of overall plan into stakeholder-specific sub-plans		makers). The new media could be made use of in order to reach a broader audience	"Master plan officially received by decision makers."
6	advertisement campaigns for new system features		features for a system overhaul presented to and through the media positively received by the media		and facilitate active dialogues (WebSite and News groups). Interactive means of communication (e.g. Internet) can be	"Newspaper & magazine clippings show continuing attention of the issue."
7	showpieces opened up to public, professionals and policy makers		model centre run and kept at display to public, professionals and stakeholders; regular "open days" and special events conducted		used for lively and instant monitoring.	"Guest book of open days shows more than 500 entries, 50 of which include diagnostic comments."
8	implementation tools and strategy options offered		plans, software, marketing material etc. prepared for implementors			"Implemen- tation strategy available in Logframe format."

3.4	INTERNAL RI	ES	ULTS OF SYSTEM DEVE (macro level)	LOP		OJECTS
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample
1	documentation centre, information pool, query system, help desk set up & provided		centre with x volumes kept available to users; capacity y seats; open all day mail/fax/email answering service, capacity = xyz queries per day; INTERNET café run			"Doc centre with initial set of 500 documents is open 20 hrs/ week; avg. new arrivals per month = 10."
2	meeting point, common address provided		meeting, conference and group working facilities provided to stakeholders			"20 annual conferences with 12-20 persons conducted with
3	conference facilities and services provided				These service provisions may be planned as logframe- results or alternatively planned on the activity level.	full Metaplan equipment"
4	facilitation and moderation services provided		full time moderator and pool of external moderators kept available for stakeholder meetings, workshops, seminars; moderation materials/ media available for 12 groups of up to 12 participants			"20 facilitated 3 day workshops arranged per year."
5	exhibition facilities and services provided		space and equipment kept/made available for 1 permanent exhibition exhibition showing new releases kept available			"4 major exhibitions/fairs per year conducted, reaching not less than 2000 visitors."
6	pool of experts made available		experts from relevant subjects on call for various professional assignments number of pre-arranged professional partnerships contracts concluded with long-term backstopping institutions secondment of long-term advisors (expats)	34 34 34 36 37		"12-20 person- months of services provided per year showing an increasing trend."
7	publication services provided		editing, graphic design, multi-media support for system-relevant literature and reports kept available		1	"5 publication projects finalised every year."
8	trial runs conducted and evaluated		trial run set-ups designed, trials assigned to "guinea pig centre", trials supported, researched and documented	44		"3 trial runs per year initiated; full documentation available after 3 years."

4.1	GOAL OF INSTITUTION BUILDING								
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample			
1	institution secured a long-term survival under changing economic conditions		growth of capacities and investment new services initiated old services discarded mission statement updated participatory decision making structure subsidiaries founded		On the highest level the objective is not simple survival but keeping up the dynamism.	"Investment s in new technology at least every 3 years."			
2	institution closed down and re-opened with new mission		carefully organised closure business plan for successor institution well organised opening of new institution		This is regarded a sign of being able to respond to an extreme challenge.	"Orderly winding up process while securing the assets to a related project purpose."			
3	institution well placed in the training market		institution rated among top 10 revenues show steady incline increasing number of applicants competitors imitate range of services innovations successful at rate of x % new market segments conquered new products/services launched marketing department plays crucial role for product design and customer relations ISO 9004-type procedures introduced	18 19 41 41	Not just survival among the pack but staying at the top could be the message.	"Institution accredited as an ISO9004-2 service provider by the year 2002."			
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4.2	PURPOSE OF INSTITUTION BUILDING								
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample			
1	institution financially secure and stable		re-investment carried out modernization investment done high reputation in the market success in attracting sponsor money financial reserves reaching % of turnover		Attracting sponsor money requires good financial management and public relations skills.	"Training equipment replaced according to re- investment plan."			
2	institution well supported by staff and managers		staff fluctuation at reasonable level corporate identity high and clear staff aware of and behind mission			"100% of professional staff well aware of mission."			
3	institution well embedded in social and industrial environment		increasing good-will with neighbour essentials of mission known to public "extra-curricular" activities and events to liaise with socio-economic neighbourhood industrial neighbours pay visits, conduct "campus interview" for new recruits co-determination bodies (with employers, employees, clients, local communities) institutionalised & alive	46		"Annually increasing number of graduates is placed by means of campus interviews."			
4	high institutional reputation		products/services in high demand customers pay cost-covering fees institution receives special assignments (trials, events, high ranking visitors, development tasks) from parent agency lead role towards peer institutions institution carries out applied research and development (e.g. curricula) for peers	35		"Ratio of applications :admissions significantly higher than at peer institutions."			
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4.3	DELIVERABLES OF INSTITUTION BUILDING								
#	OBJECTIVE	OBJECTIVE SAMPLE INDICATOR			comments	sample			
1	structure of institution complete		organogram developed & positions filled service manual in place and well practised task forces and teams in charge of special temporary assignments organogram positions and links "alive"		organisation structure should show staffing, apex and attached bodies and advisors	"Positions filled in accordance with growing turnover."			
2	performance of institution up to mark		services well received by target group quality checks lead to improvement obsolete services regularly weeded out	41		"Ex-graduates increasingly endorse training to next- generation applicants "			
3	economic survival ensured		costs recovered through revenue and/or budget allocations capital accumulation for re-investment in place no depletion of assets (beyond service life)			"Accumulation of capital in line with depreciation."			
4	all management and delivery systems work well		inventory of managerial systems, instruments and tools done in regular intervals systems updated and streamlined monitoring system alive and leading to corrective managerial decisions management systems well documented and integrated (cf. ISO 9000)	39 40		"Majority of monitoring recommen- dations are taken up & actions are taken at top management level."			
5	institution fit for survival		all management systems in place all management systems applied mission clear / on track staff acknowledged and motivated	39 38		"Independent organisational review attest workability of all management systems."			
6									
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4.4	INTERNAL R	ES	ULTS OF INSTITUTION B	UIL	DING	
#	OBJECTIVE		SAMPLE INDICATOR		comments	sample
1	institution founded		decision on legal form/entity registration done memorandum of association done bylaws done founding members' signature start-up capital injected 1 st general meeting convened identification of "parent" institutions created			"Constitution enforced by end of year." "Major stakeholders become members by end of year."
2	organization developed		organogram generated (positions & links defined) positions described (job profiles) reporting lines / matrix-links defined positions filled over time successors/under-studies identified service manual created & updated decision making patterns & panels created meeting & information style developed model for information processing and sharing among staff developed office routines defined	38		"Job descriptions available for all positions of organogram by end of year." "At 75% of all meetings visualisation techniques are used."
3	staff development ensured		implementation of the following systems (= jointly developed, documented, tested, introduced, applied & followed up): task analysis and job descriptions recruitment and selection job induction and "gap" assessment how to negotiate performance targets empowerment, reporting and monitoring giving feed-back and coaching further training for staff (internal seminars) further training for staff (on-the-job) further training for staff (external courses) job rotation and external attachments appraisals and rewards/incentives career planning / promotions successor planning / understudies consultants (their changing roles from "foreman" to "coach" to "backstopper") implementing a staff development plan	38		"Annual updates or the staff development plan done by end of April." "20% of all staff undergo further training every year." "Appraisals carried out annually with all staff." "10% of all staff receive bonus payments."
4	generic management instruments put into place, used and maintained		implementation of the following systems (i.e. jointly developed, documented, tested, introduced, applied & followed up): strategic planning, stating the mission operations planning and re-planning monitoring and evaluation reporting and report-triggered decisions retrieval system of major documents donor handling procedures staff leadership style/principles ingrained	39 40		"Operations plan tracked quarterly and updated annually." "Operations plan broken down into staff guidance plans by middle managers."
5	financial management system established and operated		financial accounting system cost accounting system balance sheet done annually income statement done quarterly cash flow analysis/prognosis monthly business planning every 5 years re-investment/net investment plan income generation / soliciting sponsor money	40		"Financial information available at the specified deadlines." "Targets of business plan achieved with ±20% accuracy."

#	OBJECTIVE	SAMPLE INDICATOR		comments	sample
6	marketing, product design, and quality management in place	market-linked system following ISO9002 product design using appropriate technology or labour-based technology accreditation/approval for training services franchise contracts awarded for testing/certification	41 17 18	There is a considerable array of tools for service- marketing available.	"Market segments known by end of year. Penetration strategy drawn up one year later."
7	training and production management system in place	industrial organisation & design of workplaces / training places reconciliation tool "training : production" *)	42 14	Conflicts are likely. Consider a 4- field box of rights & duties.	"Conflicts are resolved amicably within four weeks."
8	management of educational resources and tools management in place	maintenance & upkeep systems training materials supply, storage and issuing curriculum development, lessons planning equipment, tools and other hardware instructional media, teachware, learning materials development and supply arrangement, layout, use of training venues linking, integrating of training venues	23		"Tripartite curriculum development & updating teams in place." "Maintenance history files established and tracked monthly."
9	gender action plans worked out and implemented	plan jointly developed and endorsed annual targets set for gender equity at both levels: staffing & beneficiaries creation of gender-conducive facilities gender-aware PR gender-awareness of monitoring/reporting			"Gender action plan enforced and tracked annually; checked at annua staff and students meeting."
10	networking and liaison functions in place	getting hold of best practices linking up with sister institutions and actively maintaining the links linking up with "neighbouring" sectors such as CIP, urban development etc. engaging in donor co-ordination "hard-wired" networks division of labour with sister institutions engaging in synergy projects and joint revenue creation PR & media links established/maintained	43 4 43 3		"Network of active partners increased every year." "Net revenue from joint projects with peer institutions not less than 2000\$."
11	Donor's role	Roles: Advising or Managing Advising the Management (rights & duties) Bricklaying in Institution Building	36 37 39		

5.1	GOAL OF A REPLICATION STRATEGY							
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample		
1	Model replicated by project at another location (subsidiary)		branch office opened up following same strategy and approach		The strategy suggested here assumes a multitude of potential replicators. Apart from "the client", i.e. the agency which mandated the model and "owns" the outcome of the trials, there may be other potential replicators. By gearing the project services also to those, the replication scale can be expanded.	"Subsidiary training centre opened up in Mapuataland during 4 th year."		
2	Model adopted and implemented by other agencies		model cloned in several cases over time major features of model used at other locations franchise contracts negotiated			"NGOs set up training centres adopting the model approach at a rate of one per year."		
3	Model adopted and implemented system- wide by responsible authority		national training board embarks on full scale implementation strategy existing institutions switched to model approach new model institutions set up			"Model approach becomes standard solution in all existing training centres at a rate of 10% / year."		
4	Features of the model become standard for peer institutions		all features of the model introduced at other comparable institutions/programs all major features adopted at major features adopted (bandwagon) model in principle adopted, but adapted to prevailing conditions			"50% of existing training centres launch additional programmes following the basic principles of the model approach during the next project phase."		
5	Model incorporated in Donor's portfolio of assisted projects		model appears as a standard type of project in donor's portfolio donor includes model project in sector programmes as preferable solution donor advertises model in donor community			"Several agencies of the donor community request blue- prints of model approach."		
6	Model ported to another country (e.g. South-South)		across national boundaries			"2 start-up consultancy missions per year carried out for other countries in the region at full cost recovery."		
7								
8								

PURPOSE OF A REPLICATION STRATEGY 5.2 SAMPLE INDICATOR # **OBJECTIVE** comments sample responsible Training reform/innovation decision taken 44 1 "Model approach Authority formally implementation schedule issued propagated in approves of the model legislation/ordinance/passed long-term manpower plan of the Government." 2 Funds for model budget estimates for model submitted "Implementation replication made budget for first series of budget covering A classic available replications approved the next 4 years replication allocated." strategy, where Government is 3 stakeholders conference held, votes cast in favour "Model positively seen as the main recommend model press releases of major stakeholders commented or addressee of the for replication favour model recommended process. Ideally annual reports/bulletins/newsletters in all , model-runs are of stakeholder feature and favour model newsletters/journ mandated by als of the "the client". stakeholder Tool = 44organisations." Model ranks high on model appears as pivotal element in 44 4 "Bill submitted to agenda of decision system-reform plans parliament by model recommended to legislators end of project." makers model recommended in lobby public opinion pays attention to model media provide room for model debate, letter to editor etc 5 6 7 8

5.3	DELIVERABLES OF A REPLICATION STRATEGY							
#	OBJECTIVE		SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample		
1	model presented as replication-ready		documented tests, proof of success recommendations for replication moral suasion towards replication action plans for replication submitted model site visited by "clients" Hot-Line frequently used by "clients"	44		"Full documentation available in several versions for different audiences: - scientific/ - political - journalistic."		
2	model advertised for replication		media campaigns launched public forum provided professional forum provided Manuals for replication created and sold WebSite visited by interested parties	44	From objective 1 to 4 there is an increasing degree of persuasion involved. "Hard-Selling" of a model may lead to an artificially high acceptance rate & misjudgement of the real likeliness of replication.	"120 copies of replication manual sold at cost during 1 st year." "50 visits to WebSite per week with inclining trend over 6 months."		
3	support for replication made available		project staff invited repeatedly for presentations / debates / clarifications supporting information and assistance requested by parent agencies master implementation plan elaborated consultancy/training services for clients interested in replication/adoption/ adaption marketed or provided			"20% of time of all involved professional staff dedicated to external information."		
4	potential replicators identified		requests for information requests for start-up support consultancy services sold to interested replicators			"Project approached by at least 10 seriously interested parties per year."		
5								
6								
7								
8								

5.4	INTERNAL RESULTS OF A REPLICATION STRATEGY									
#	OBJECTIVE	e,	SUGGESTED INDICATORS		comments	sample				
1	trial runs carried out and evaluated			44	Models are understood as trials and errors which precede a far- reaching (possibly expensive) decision.	"Findings, conclusions & recommenda- tions from trial run available."				
2	trial runs researched and documented		interim trial report published final trial report published additional publications (special issues)		It should be accepted that the result of the model run could be either positive or negative. A negative conclusion	"Continuous documentation available with time lag no longer than 3 months."				
3	model improved and tested		diagnosis & conclusions	44	is perfectly alright as a project outcome. The process of erring and re-trying	"Documentation of reasons for and issues of modification of design."				
4	evidence and recommendations prepared		position papers edited/published project closure report published	44		"Recommenda- tions submitted in decision- friendly format by end of trial- runs."				
5	marketing material created		PR concept approved by board		A tool or a checklist for designing media campaigns would be very helpful.	"Flyers, brochures, videos, CDs, T-Shirts, and popularized versions of the report available for mass distribution by end of project."				
6	start-up facility for "replicators" provided		blue prints for replication available			"Training modules designed and ready for early replicators or trailblazers."				
7										
8										